



SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification of the product

Important information	*** This Safety Data Sheet is only authorised for use by HP for HP Original products. Any unauthorised use of this Safety Data Sheet is strictly prohibited and may result in legal action being taken by HP. ***
GHS product identifier	CLT-K404Series
Other means of identification	None.
Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use	
Recommended use	This product is a toner mixture that is used in printing systems.
Recommended restrictions	Do not use with non compatible printer.
Suppliers details	
Company identification	HP Inc. Costa Rica, Limitada Centro Corporativo Plaza Roble, Edificio 5 San Jose, Costa Rica 01210
Telephone	52 (55) 5258-4000
HP Inc. health effects line	
(Toll-free within the US)	1-800-457-4209
(Direct)	1-760-710-0048
HP Inc. Customer Care Line	
(Toll-free within the US)	1-800-474-6836
(Direct)	1-208-323-2551
Email:	hpcustomer.inquiries@hp.com

2. Hazard identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	
Physical hazards	Not classified.
Health hazards	Not classified.
Environmental hazards	Not classified.
GHS label elements, including precautionary statements	
Hazard symbols	None.
Signal word	None.
Hazard statement	Not available.
Precautionary statement	
Prevention	Not available.
Response	Not available.
Storage	Not available.
Disposal	Not available.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	Carbon black is classified by the IARC as a Group 2B carcinogen (the substance is possibly carcinogenic to humans). Carbon black in this preparation, due to its bound form, does not present this carcinogenic risk. Titanium dioxide is classified by IARC as a Group 2B carcinogen, meaning there is inadequate evidence in humans for the carcinogenicity of titanium dioxide, but there is sufficient evidence in experimental animals for the carcinogenicity of titanium dioxide. Titanium dioxide in this preparation, due to its bound form, does not present this carcinogenic risk. None of the other ingredients in this preparation are classified as carcinogens according to ACGIH, EU, IARC, MAK, NTP or OSHA.
GHS Supplemental information	None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical identity	Common name(s), synonym(s)	CAS number and other unique identifiers	Concentration
Styrene acrylic resin		Proprietary	<90%
Wax		Proprietary	<10%
Carbon black		1333-86-4	<7.5%
Amorphous silica		68909-20-6	<5%
Cyan Pigment		Proprietary	<2%
Titanium dioxide		13463-67-7	<2%

4. First-aid measures

Description of necessary first-aid measures

Inhalation	Move person to fresh air immediately. If irritation persists, consult a physician.
Skin contact	Wash affected areas thoroughly with mild soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.
Eye contact	Do not rub eyes. Immediately flush with large amounts of clean, warm water (low pressure) for at least 15 minutes or until particles are removed. If irritation persists, consult a physician.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth with water. Drink one to two glasses of water. DO NOT induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Difficulty in breathing. Coughing.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

General information

Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	Dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide, water fog.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective actions for firefighters	Firefighters should wear full protective clothing including self contained breathing apparatus.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
General fire hazards	No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Use a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator if there is a risk of exposure to dust/fume at levels exceeding the exposure limits. See Section 8 of the SDS for Personal Protective Equipment.
For emergency responders	Not available.

Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Avoid the generation of dusts during clean-up. Use explosion proof electric equipment. Collect dust using a vacuum cleaner equipped with HEPA filter. The product is immiscible with water and will spread on the water surface. Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Sweep up or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal.

Other issues relating to spills and releases

Fine powder can form explosive dust-air mixtures. Take up mechanically and collect in suitable container for disposal. Dispose of in compliance with federal, state, and local regulations.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions to ensure safe handling	Minimize dust generation and accumulation. Use local exhaust ventilation. Avoid prolonged exposure. Practice good housekeeping.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store in tightly closed original container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Costa Rica. OELs (Regulation for the Registration of Hazardous Products, Executive Decree No. 28113S, as amended by Executive Decree No. 30718, Oct 2, 2002) updated with ACGIH

Components	Type	Value	Form
Carbon black (CAS 1333-86-4)	TWA	3 mg/m ³	Inhalable fraction.
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	TWA	10 mg/m ³	

Nicaragua. OELs (General Law of Workplace Hygiene and Safety. Law No. 618, published in Official Gazette No. 133, July 13, 2007) as updated with ACGIH

Components	Type	Value	Form
Carbon black (CAS 1333-86-4)	TWA	3 mg/m ³	Inhalable fraction.
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	TWA	10 mg/m ³	

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value	Form
Carbon black (CAS 1333-86-4)	TWA	3 mg/m ³	Inhalable fraction.
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	TWA	10 mg/m ³	
Wax	TWA	2 mg/m ³	Fume.

Biological limit values No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Exposure guidelines
5 mg/m³ (Respirable Fraction)
3 mg/m³ (Respirable Particulate)

Control banding approach Not available.

Appropriate engineering controls Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. If engineering measures are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of dust particulates below the Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL), suitable respiratory protection must be worn. If material is ground, cut, or used in any operation which may generate dusts, use appropriate local exhaust ventilation to keep exposures below the recommended exposure limits.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection

Hand protection Rubber gloves are recommended. Wash hands after handling.

Other Protection suit must be worn.

Respiratory protection No personal respiratory protective equipment required under normal conditions of use.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	Not available.
Form	Solid. Fine powder

Color	Black.
Odor	Odorless
Odor threshold	Not available.
pH	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not available.
Flash point	Not available.
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	
Flammability limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Flammability limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	Not available.
Vapor density	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Insoluble in water.
Solubility (other)	Partially soluble in toluene, chloroform and tetrahydrofuran
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	> 392 °F (> 200 °C)
Viscosity	Not available.
Other information	Not available.
Oxidizing properties	No information available.
Solubility (other)	Partially soluble in toluene, chloroform and tetrahydrofuran

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Stable under normal storage conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid temperatures exceeding the decomposition temperature. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	This product may react with strong oxidizing agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	Dust may irritate respiratory system. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
Skin contact	Dust or powder may irritate the skin.
Eye contact	Contact with eyes may result in mild irritation.
Ingestion	Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.

Symptoms Not available.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
LD50/oral/rat >5000 mg/kg.

Components	Species	Test Results
Carbon black (CAS 1333-86-4)		
Acute		
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 10000 mg/kg
Skin corrosion/irritation	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Not a known irritant. (OECD 404).	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Not a known irritant. (OECD 405).	
Respiratory or skin sensitization		
Respiratory sensitization	Not a respiratory sensitizer.	
Skin sensitization	This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.	
Germ cell mutagenicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Negative Ames Test (Test strains: Salmonella typhimurium).	
Carcinogenicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
	Carbon black is classified as a carcinogen by the IARC (possibly carcinogenic to humans, Group 2B) and by the State of California under Proposition 65. In their evaluations of carbon black, both organizations indicate that exposure to carbon black, per se, does not occur when it remains bound within a product matrix, specifically, rubber, ink, or paint. Carbon black is present only in a bound form in this preparation.	
	Titanium dioxide is classified by the IARC as a Group 2B carcinogen (the substance is possibly carcinogenic to humans). The IARC classification was based on high concentrations of titanium dioxide particles in animal lungs. Under intended use of this toner product, exposure to titanium dioxide is much lower.	
	None of the other ingredients in this preparation are classified as carcinogens according to ACGIH, EU, IARC, MAK, NTP or OSHA.	
ACGIH Carcinogens		
Carbon black (CAS 1333-86-4)	A3 Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.	
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.	
Costa Rica OELs: Carcinogen		
Carbon black (CAS 1333-86-4)	Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.	
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.	
IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity		
Carbon black (CAS 1333-86-4)	2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.	
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.	
Reproductive toxicity	This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.	
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
Aspiration hazard	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.	
Other information	Complete toxicity data are not available for this specific formulation Refer to Section 2 for potential health effects and Section 4 for first aid measures.	
	In a study in rats (H.Muhle) by chronic inhalation exposure to a typical toner, a mild to moderate degree of lung fibrosis was observed in 92% of the rats in the concentration(16mg/m3) exposure group, and a minimal to mild degree of fibrosis was noted in 22% of the animals in the middle (4mg/m3) exposure group. But no pulmonary changes was reported in the lowest (1mg/m3) exposure group, the most relevant level to potential human exposures.	
	In 1996, the IARC reevaluated carbon black as a GROUP 2B carcinogen (possible human carcinogen). This evaluation is given to carbon black for which there is inadequate human evidence, but sufficient animal evidence. The latter is based upon the developer of lung tumors in rat receiving chronic inhalation exposures to free carbon black at level that induce particle overload of the lung. Studies performed in animal models other than rats have not demonstrated an association between carbon black and lung tumors. Moreover, a two-year cancer bioassay using a typical toner preparation containing carbon black demonstrated no association between toner exposure and tumor development in rats.	

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity	The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.
Persistence and degradability	No data is available on the degradability of any ingredients in the mixture.
Bioaccumulative potential	Not available.
Mobility in soil	Not available.
Other adverse effects	This product has not been tested for ecological effects.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

Disposal instructions	Dispose of in compliance with federal, state, and local regulations. Do not shred toner cartridge, unless dust-explosion prevention measures are taken. Do not put toner container into fire; heated toner may cause severe burns. Do not incinerate. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. HP's Planet Partners (trademark) supplies recycling program enables simple, convenient recycling of HP original inkjet and LaserJet supplies. For more information and to determine if this service is available in your location, please visit http://www.hp.com/recycle .
Local disposal regulations	Not available.
Waste from residues / unused products	Not available.
Contaminated packaging	Not available.

14. Transport information

DOT

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IATA

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IMDG

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

ADR

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

Further information Not a dangerous good under DOT, IATA, ADR, IMDG, or RID.

15. Regulatory information

National regulations

Colombia. Chemical Precursors (Law 67 of 1993, Tables I and II)

Not regulated.

Ecuador. Precursors (Narcotic and Psychotropic Substances Law, Annex IV)

Not regulated.

International regulations

All chemical substances in this HP product have been notified or are exempt from notification under chemical substances notification laws in the following countries: US (TSCA), EU (EINECS/ELINCS), Switzerland, Canada (DSL/NDSL), Australia, Japan, Philippines, South Korea, New Zealand, and China.

Montreal Protocol

Not applicable.

Stockholm Convention

Not applicable.

Rotterdam Convention

Not applicable.

Kyoto protocol

Not applicable.

Basel Convention

Not applicable.

16. Other information

Revision date 07-Aug-2019

Disclaimer

This Safety Data Sheet document is provided without charge to customers of HP. Data is the most current known to HP at the time of preparation of this document and is believed to be accurate. It should not be construed as guaranteeing specific properties of the products as described or suitability for a particular application. This document was prepared to the requirements of the jurisdiction specified in Section 1 above and may not meet regulatory requirements in other countries.

This safety data sheet is meant to convey information about HP inks (toners) provided in HP Original ink (toner) supplies. If our Safety Data Sheet has been provided to you with a refilled, remanufactured, compatible or other non-HP Original supply please be aware that the information contained herein was not meant to convey information about such products and there could be considerable differences from information in this document and the safety information for the product you purchased. Please contact the seller of the refilled, remanufactured or compatible supplies for applicable information, including information on personal protective equipment, exposure risks and safe handling guidance. HP does not accept refilled, remanufactured or compatible supplies in our recycling programs.

Revision information

1. Product and Company Identification: Alternate Trade Names

Explanation of abbreviations

ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service
CERCLA	Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations
COC	Cleveland Open Cup
DOT	Department of Transportation
EPCRA	Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act (aka SARA)
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
NIOSH	National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health
NTP	National Toxicology Program
OSHA	Occupational Safety and Health Administration
PEL	Permissible Exposure Limit
RCRA	Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
REC	Recommended
REL	Recommended Exposure Limit
SARA	Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986
STEL	Short-Term Exposure Limit
TCLP	Toxicity Characteristics Leaching Procedure
TLV	Threshold Limit Value
TSCA	Toxic Substances Control Act
VOC	Volatile Organic Compounds